Outline

- Free-radical chlor/bromination
 - Heterolytic vs homolytic cleavage
 - Mechanism of free-radical halogenation
- Probability and reactivity in product distributions
 - Chlorine: 3d 5.0, 2d 3.8, 1d 1.0Bromine: 3d 1600, 2d 82, 1d 1
- Radical stability with substitution
 - MO interaction diagram; discuss stabilization

Mechanism of free-radical halogenation

Probability and reactivity in product distributions

$$CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + Cl_{2} \xrightarrow{h\nu} CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + HCl$$

$$\begin{array}{c} L_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + Cl_{2} & CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{3} + CH_{3}CH_{2$$

Reactivity and selectivity

relative rates of alkyl radical formation by a chlorine radical at room temperature

relative rates of radical formation by a bromine radical at 125 °C





